THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

MATH3070 Introduction to Topology 2017-2018 Tutorial Classwork 3

- 1. Let (X, \mathfrak{T}_X) and (Y, \mathfrak{T}_Y) be two topological space and $f : (X, \mathfrak{T}_X) \to (Y, \mathfrak{T}_Y)$. We say that f is sequentially continuous if for any sequence $x_n \to x$, we have $f(x_n) \to f(x)$.
 - (a) Consider the cocountable topology of \mathbb{R} . Show that if $x_n \to x$, then there exists $N \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $x_n = x$ for all $n \ge N$.
 - (b) By a), find a function f that is sequentially continuous but not continuous.
 - (c) * Show that if X is C_I and f is sequentially continuous, then f is continuous.
- 2. Let (X, \mathfrak{T}) be a topological space and $C \subset X$ be a closed subset of X. Show that C is nowhere dense if and only if $C = \overline{U} \cap \overline{X \setminus U}$ for some open set U.

(That means a closed nowhere dense set is the frontier (or boundary) of some open set.)

3. Show that a topological space X is of second category if and only if any countable intersection of open dense subset of X is non-empty.

(Hint: $A \subset X$ is open dense if and only if $X \setminus A$ is closed nowhere dense.)